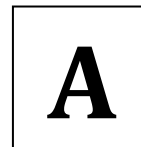


**KULLEĠĠ SAN BENEDITTU**  
**Boys Secondary School, Kirkop**



**HALF-YEARLY EXAMINATIONS – FEBRUARY 2014**

**FORM 4**

**MATHEMATICS** Scheme A

**TIME: 1hr 40mins**

**Main Paper**

Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Main	NC	Global Mark
Mark																	

**DO NOT WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE**

**NAME AND SURNAME:** \_\_\_\_\_ **CLASS:** \_\_\_\_\_

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

**Read all the questions carefully before you start answering.**

- Answer all questions.
- This paper carries 80 marks.
- Calculators and mathematical instruments are allowed but all necessary working must be shown.

1. Simplify the following giving your answer as a single power (in the form of  $a^n$ ):

a)  $\frac{3^6}{3}$

b)  $\frac{(9^5)^2}{9^0}$

c)  $\frac{2^6}{8}$

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

*(4 marks)*

2. The mean distance of the earth from the sun is **149.6 million** kilometres.

a) Write the number 149.6 million in **standard form**.

\_\_\_\_\_ km

The earth travels a distance of  $D$  km in one day.

The value of  $D$  is given by the formula:

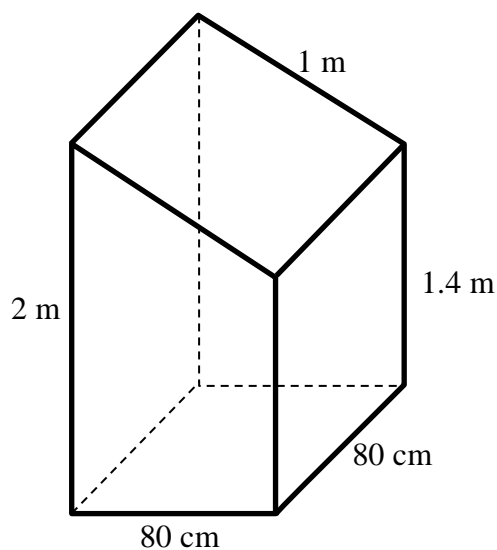
$$D = \frac{2\pi \times \text{distance of earth from sun}}{365}$$

b) Calculate the value of  $D$  giving your answer in **standard form** correct to **3 significant figures**.

\_\_\_\_\_ km

(4 marks)

3. The diagram shows a sketch of a monument, which is to be covered in marble. Calculate the area, in  $\text{m}^2$ , of marble required to cover all the sides and slanting top of the monument.



\_\_\_\_\_  $\text{m}^2$

(4 marks)

4. a) By selling a particular set of books for €408, a bookseller makes a loss of 4%. Find the cost price of the books.

€ \_\_\_\_\_

- b) The population of the world was estimated to be  $4.5 \times 10^9$  at the beginning of 1990. If the population increases by 3% each year, find the population

i) at the beginning of 1991.

- ii) at the beginning of the year 2000, correct to **1 significant figure** and in **standard form**.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(7 marks)

5. Express as simply as possible:

a)  $\frac{4x^2 \times 6x^5}{12x^3} =$

b)  $\frac{a^4 \times (a^2)^2}{a^8} =$

\_\_\_\_\_  
(5 marks)

6. Jim borrows €2000 to furnish a new flat. He has to pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum.

(a) Find the amount of interest to be paid at the end of the first year.

€ \_\_\_\_\_

He actually pays €500 back at the end of each year as a repayment. Jim uses a spreadsheet to see how much money he still owes the bank at the end of each year.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	beginning of year 1	balance	2000		
2					
3		balance + interest	2300		
4		repayment		500	
5	end of year 1	amount due	1800		
6					
7		balance + interest	2070		
8		repayment		500	
9	end of year 2	amount due	1570		
10					
11		balance + interest			
12		repayment			
13	end of year 3	amount due			
14					
15		balance + interest			
16		repayment			
17	end of year 4	amount due			
18					

(b) What formula does Jim input in cell C11?

= \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Work out how much does he still owe at the end of the fourth year.

€ \_\_\_\_\_

(6 marks)

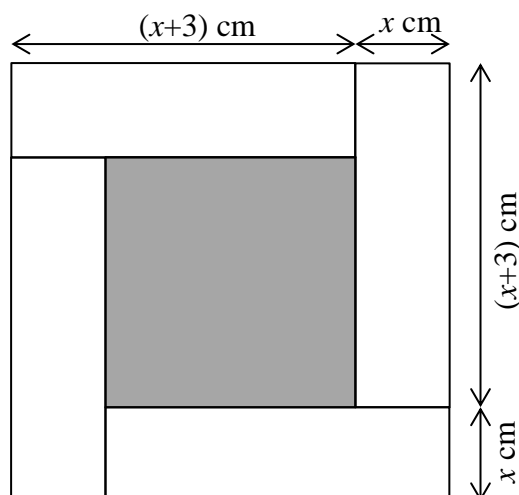
7. Four identical rectangular tiles are placed around a square tile as shown in the following diagram.

- a) i) Form an expression for the area of one rectangular tile.

\_\_\_\_\_

- ii) Hence write an expression for the total area of the **four** rectangular tiles.

\_\_\_\_\_



- b) Expand  $(2x + 3)^2$

\_\_\_\_\_

- c) **Hence or otherwise**, find the area of the shaded square in the middle.

\_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$

*(5 marks)*

8. Express as a single fraction:

$$\frac{1}{3x} - \frac{2}{5y}$$

\_\_\_\_\_

*(2 marks)*

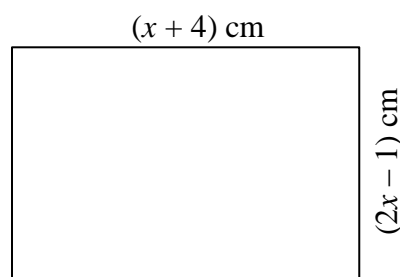
9. a) Solve:  $2x^2 - 5x + 3 = 0$

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b) The rectangle shown has a **length** of  $(x + 4)$  cm and a **width** of  $(2x - 1)$  cm.

Given that its area is  $20 \text{ cm}^2$ ,

(i) show that  $2x^2 + 7x - 24 = 0$

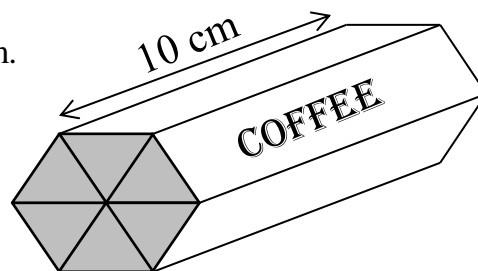


(ii) Solve the equation to find the **length** of the rectangle to **2 decimal places**.

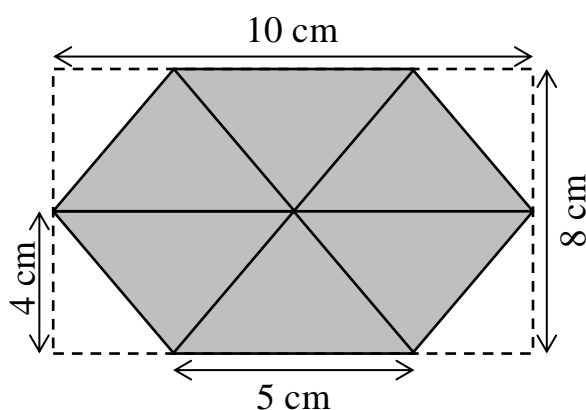
\_\_\_\_\_ cm

*(10 marks)*

10. A coffee tin is in the shape of a hexagonal prism.  
Its **length** is 10 cm long.



One end of the tin is shown below. Each of the six triangles in the hexagon has the same dimensions.



NOT  
TO  
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- a) Calculate the total area of the hexagonal cross-section.

\_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$

Coffee fills 80% of the tin.  
The mass of  $1 \text{ cm}^3$  of coffee is 0.5 g .

- b) Find the weight of coffee in the tin. Show all your working.

\_\_\_\_\_ g

- c) The same tin of coffee is sold at the price of €2.19. How much would you expect to pay for 100 g of this brand of coffee?

€ \_\_\_\_\_

(8 marks)

11. Students conduct an experiment to find  $g$ , the acceleration due to gravity. They measure the time,  $T$  seconds, for one complete swing of the pendulum of length  $L$  metres.

The formula used to find  $g$  is:

$$g = \frac{4\pi^2 L}{T^2}$$

- a) Find  $g$  when  $L = 0.3924$  and  $T = 1.26$ , correct to **3 significant figures**.  
(use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator)

$$g = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- b) Rearrange the formula to express  $T$  in terms of  $g$ ,  $\pi$  and  $L$ .  
Simplify your answer as far as possible.

$$T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

(5 marks)

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12. Find the value of  $n$ :

a)  $5^n = \frac{1}{125}$

b)  $2 \times 4^n = 32$

$$n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

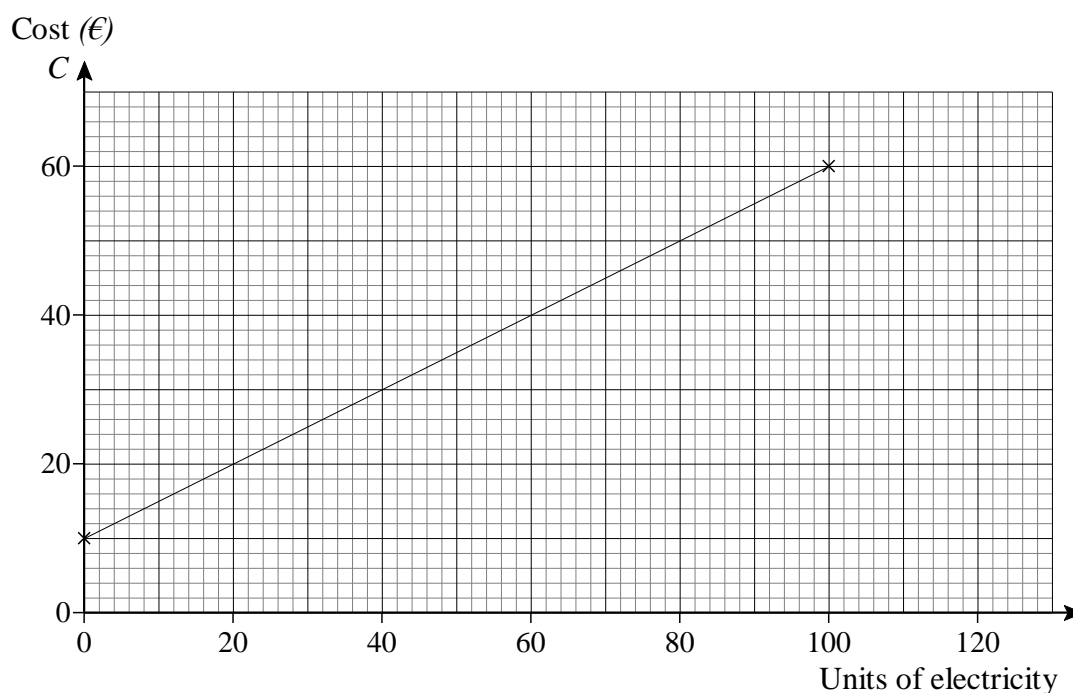
(5 marks)

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13. The graph shows the cost  $C$ , in Euro, of electricity used by one person.

This cost  $C$  is made up from a fixed charge, plus the cost of the number of units of electricity used.



- a) Use the graph to find:

i) The fixed charge

€ \_\_\_\_\_

ii) The cost, in cents, of one unit of energy

€ \_\_\_\_\_

The same energy company, decides to eliminate the fixed charge. However, the price of one unit of energy is increased to 70 cents per unit.

- b) By drawing another line (on the same graph) for the new rate, give the point of intersection of the two lines.

\_\_\_\_\_

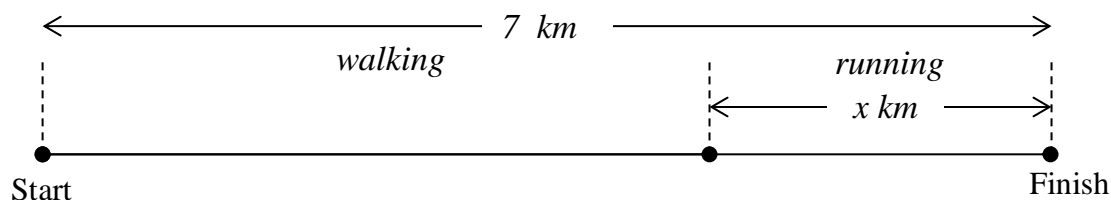
- c) A customer thinks that the second tariff is cheaper. Explain, by making reference to the graphs) why this is not always the case.

(6 marks)

14. Kim went out for a trip on a Sunday afternoon.  
She walked the first part of her journey at a **speed** of **6 km/hr** and ran the second part of the journey at **12 km/hr**.

The **total distance** travelled was 7 km.

The diagram below shows the distances covered during the whole trip.



Given that the running distance was  $x$  km,

- a) Write an expression in terms of  $x$  for the **distance** travelled while **walking**.

\_\_\_\_\_

- b) Write an expression in terms of  $x$  for the **time** taken when **running**.

$$\left( \text{Speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} \right)$$

\_\_\_\_\_

- c) Write an expression in terms of  $x$  for the **time** taken when **walking**.

\_\_\_\_\_

If the **total time taken** for the whole journey was 1 hour,

- d) Write down an equation in terms of  $x$ .

\_\_\_\_\_

- e) Hence, **solve** the equation to find the distance covered while running.

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

(9 marks)