

KULLEĠĠ SAN BENEDITTU

Boys' Secondary, Kirkop

LEVELS

7-8

HALF-YEARLY EXAMINATION – 2013/14

FORM 1

ENGLISH
LISTENING COMPREHENSION

TIME: 15 minutes

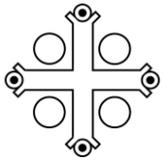
Teacher's Paper

Instructions for the conduct of the Listening Comprehension Examination

The teacher should instruct the candidates to answer the questions on the paper provided. The following procedure for reading the Listening Comprehension passage is to be explained to the candidates immediately before proceeding with the examination.

You have been given a sheet containing the listening comprehension questions. You will be given three minutes to read the questions based on the passage. The passage will be read at normal reading speed. You may take notes during the reading. After this reading there will be a pause of another three minutes to allow you to answer some of the questions. I shall read the passage a second time and you may take further notes and answer the rest of the questions. After this second reading you will be given a further three minutes for a final revision of the answers.

- 3 minutes – Students read questions.
- 3 minutes – Teacher reads passage aloud for the first time while students take notes.
- 3 minutes – Students answer questions.
- 3 minutes – Teacher reads passage for the second time. Students may answer more questions.
- 3 minutes – Students revise final answers.



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When people think of vampires, they usually think of famous fictional characters like Dracula while younger people will think of the TV series *True Blood* or *Vampire Diaries*. But, there have been plenty of vampire tales which are believed to have stemmed from real historical events.

Vampires are said to be human corpses who return from the grave to harm the living. However, other tales declare that vampires are not human at all but instead supernatural, possibly evil spirits who take the form of human beings. There are suggestions that the first vampire was magically created in ancient Egypt, an evil spirit who attacked people and drank their blood. On the other hand, in most modern stories, the classic way to become a vampire is to be bitten by one.

Traditionally, there are numerous ways to frighten away vampires. It is believed that the best way to stop a vampire is to carry a small bag of salt with you. If you are being chased, you need only to spill the salt on the ground behind you, at which point the vampire is obligated to stop and count each and every grain before continuing the pursuit. Others say that vampires cannot enter a home unless formally invited in. However, to make sure that vampires stay out of your house, you should put garlic in vases in your room, tie it in bunches and hang it from your doors, rub it around your windows and other entrances, or wear it around your neck.

Old tales declare that there are only three ways of how one can kill a vampire. By far the easiest way to kill a vampire is through direct sunlight. Even before the first vampire became a vampire, he was cursed to forever have to hide from the sun. Any skin of a vampire that comes in contact with direct sunlight will be severely burned. The wooden stake remains one of the best tools to use for vampire killing. A wooden stake is just a piece of wood with one edge sharp enough to pierce human flesh. Another method of killing a vampire is by setting it on fire. This will burn vampires, just like it burns humans.

The fact that the story of the vampire remains a mystery seems to be the reason for the increasing popularity of vampire-themed films, TV and book series which teens are so interested in.